

WELLANDGOULDSMITH SCHOOL

CLASS 6

GEOGRAPHY

TOPIC : WATERBODIES (OCEANS AND SEAS)

ANSWERS

1. Fill in the blanks.

- a. 71
- b. north south Europe Africa
- c. smallest
- d. Bering
- e. Aral

2. Define.

- a) The realm of the earth containing the water of the earth. It includes Oceans, seas, rivers and lakes.
- b) Microscopic single-celled organisms that live suspended in the large bodies of water.
- c) The upper layer of the earth made up of solid rocks.
- d) A large body of salt water that covers about 71 percent of the earth's surface.
- e) A body of salt water smaller than an ocean. They are usually located where the land and the ocean meet.

3. Answer the following.

- a. Blue Whale.
- b. Asia, Africa and Australia.
- c. Antarctic Ocean / South Polar Ocean.
- d. Danube, Dnieper, Don.

4. Complete the following exercises at the end of the chapter.

EXERCISE A : SHORT ANSWER TYPE QUESTIONS:

Ans 6: Oceans have a direct impact on the climate of the earth because they help to keep the climate stable by storing heat from the sun. Warm ocean currents bring warm weather and rain. Cold ocean currents tend to cause dry climate.

Ans 7: The Atlantic Ocean has indented coastline so it has many harbours.

Ans 8: A body of salt water smaller than an ocean. They are usually located where the land and the ocean meet.

Ans 9: Arabian Sea.

Ans 10: Caribbean Sea and Mediterranean Sea.

Ans 11: Aral Sea and Red Sea.

Ans 12: Arabian Sea and Bay of Bengal.

Ans 13: Aral Sea.

Ans 14: Suez Canal.

EXERCISE B: LONG ANSWER TYPE QUESTIONS:

Ans 1. The oceans are important in the following ways:

- a) Oceans are a great source of food for people.
- b) Oceans provide minerals, natural gas and oil.
- c) Oceans help to keep the climates stable.
- d) Ocean currents directly impact the climate of a place.

Ans 2. Four features of the Pacific Ocean are as follows:

- a) It is the largest ocean of the world.
- b) It is also the deepest ocean.
- c) Mariana trench, the deepest ocean trench is located within this ocean.
- d) The continents of North and South America extend on one side and Asia and Australia stretch on the other side.

Ans 3. Four features of the Atlantic Ocean are:

- a) It is the second largest ocean of the world.
- b) It is situated between North and South America on one side and Europe and Africa on the other side.
- c) Due to its indented coastline there are many good harbours on the coasts of Atlantic Ocean.
- d) It is the busiest ocean of the world from the point of view of trade and commerce.

Ans 4. Four features of the Indian Ocean are:

- a) It is the world's third largest ocean.
- b) It is bounded by the continents of Asia, Africa and Australia.
- c) It is the only ocean of the world named after the name of a country India.
- d) The Indian Ocean is the warmest of the world's ocean.

Ans 5. Four features of the Southern Ocean are:

- a) It is located in the southern hemisphere encompassing the South Pole.
- b) It is also referred to as the Antarctic Ocean, South Polar Ocean and The Great Southern Ocean.
- c) Southern Ocean is the youngest ocean as it was formed only 30 million years ago.
- d) It is the fourth largest ocean of the world.

EXERCISE C: CAREFULLY READ THE STATEMENTS AND IDENTIFY THE SEA:

1. Bering Sea.
2. North Sea.
3. Caspian Sea.
4. Arabian Sea.
5. Aral Sea.

EXERCISE D: MATCH THE COLUMN A WITH COLUMN B:

1. Black Sea – Europe
2. Bering Sea – North America
3. Arabian Sea – Indian subcontinent
4. Red Sea –Africa
5. Aral Sea – Asia.

EXERCISE E: FILL IN THE BLANKS:

1. Phytoplankton.
2. Pacific.
3. Indian Ocean.
4. Southern.
5. Caspian.

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