

Welland Gouldsmith School
Class 7
Geography
Study of Continent – Africa

ANSWERS

1. Fill in the blanks –
 - a. Mediterranean Sea
 - b. 54
 - c. Mt. Kilimanjaro
 - d. Namib and Kalahari
 - e. Nile, Victoria

2. Answer the following in brief –
 - a. The Equator and The Tropic of Cancer
 - b. The Sahara is the world's largest desert. It is a vast stretch of sand and rocks with only scattered palms and bushes.
 - c. The Atlas in the northwest and Drakensberg in the Southeast.
 - d. A rift valley is a long and deep valley steep sides. Such valleys are formed due to cracks or fractures or faults in the crust of the earth.
 - e. The height is 5,895 meters above sea level.

3. Questions on Page 89
 - A. **No. 7.** Africa stretches from Latitude 37° N to 35° S and Longitude 20° W to 52° E. It is a tropical continent.
No. 8. Lake Victoria, Lake Malawi

 - B. **No. 4.**

The Great Rift Valley is the name given to the continuous geographic trough, nearly 6000 km in length that runs from Northern Syria in Southwest Asia to Central Mozambique in East Africa.

A rift valley is a long and deep valley with steep sides.

These valleys are formed due to cracks or fractures or faults in the crust of the earth.

A long chain of rift valleys extends from the south of Lake Malawi to the Red Sea in North and from the Gulf of Aqaba to the Dead Sea.

 - C. **No. 4.** Mt. Kilimanjaro
No. 5. The Sahara Desert

Practice the map of Africa