Welland Gouldsmith School

Class 7

Geography Study of Continent – Africa WORKSHEET

Synopsis

- Africa is the second-largest continent
- Latitude 37° N to 35° S
- Longitude 20° W to 52° E
- Area of the continent 30.2 million km²
- Population 1.03 billion
- The Equator, The Prime Meridian, The Tropic of Cancer, and The Tropic of Capricorn passes through Africa
- The main physical features are
 - The Plateaus
 - The Mountains
 - The Lowlands
 - The Great Rift Valley
 - The Lakes

1.	Fill in th	ne blanks –
	a.	The Continent is surrounded by the sea to the north.
	b.	The Continent has sovereign states.
	c.	The highest peak of Africa is Mt
	d.	and deserts are located in southern Africa.
	e.	River is the longest river of the world. It rises from Lake
2.	Answer	the following in brief –
	a.	Name any two important lines of latitude passing through Africa.
	b.	Describe the Sahara Desert in <u>two</u> lines only.
	c.	Name any two small mountain systems of Africa.
	d.	What is the Great Rift Valley?
	e.	Mention the height of Mt. Kilimanjaro.
3.	Answer	the questions on <u>page 89</u> of your textbook –
	a.	Page 89 – A – Nos. 7 and 8
	h	Page 89 – B – No. 4

- 4. Draw a neat diagram of a Rift Valley (Page 88)
- 5. Describe the mountainous system of Africa For this answer refer to Page 87 the 2nd paragraph of the Physical Features (b) Mountains
- 6. On the outline of the map of Africa mark the following places –

c. Page 89 – C – (Fill in the blanks only Nos. 4 and 5)

- a. Mediterranean Seab. Sahara Desertc. Chad Basin
- d. Nigeria
- e. River Niger
- f. Ghana
- g. Ivory Coast
- h. Congo Basin

- i. Cairo
- j. Suez Canal
- k. Egypt
- I. Lake Victoria
- m. Mt. Kilimanjaro
- n. Kalahari Desert
- o. Drakensberg Mountains