CLASS 8 SUBJECT PHYSICS TOPIC FORCE AND PRESSURE

WORKSHEET

1. Why does our nose bleed when we go to the mountains?

Atmospheric pressure in the mountains is lower than the pressure in our blood vessels so our nose bleeds.

2. Why does our school bag have a wide straps?

Pressure decreases if the area is large hence a wider strap of

the school bag reduces the pressure on the shoulder.

3. How does a siphon work?

- When air is sucked out of the limb, that is inserted in the empty vessel, then there is a decrease in in pressure inside the tube.
- The atmospheric pressure pushes in water into the other limb of the tube.
- The two vessels are kept at different heights hence water from the

- filled tank empties into the other tank.
- This process is known as siphoning.
- 4. Complete (A)short answer type questions.
 - It is difficult to open the door if the force is applied closer to the hinges of the door because the Torque acting on the door is less.

Torque =force × moment Arm.

The length of the moment arm is small

- when the force is applied closer to hinges.
- 2. When force is applied tangentially to the wheel the turning effect on the wheel is maximum because the perpendicular distance from the axis of rotation is Maximum
- 3. Mass of cubical block m=50kg

Area of the cubical block

$$= L \times L = 0.05 \times 0.05$$

= 0.0025 m^2

Pressure =
$$\frac{mg}{area}$$

= 20000 Pa

- 4. Piston A has less area hence pressure exerted is more than in piston B.
- 5. Pressure is defined as trust by area hence weight is distributed if the area is large.
- 6. The force exerted by the earth's atmosphere for unit area of the earth's surface is called atmospheric pressure.
- 7. In rotatory motion there is no change of location of the body while in a translatory motion there is change in position of the body.

Torque causes rotatory motion while a force causes translatory motion.

Long answer type

F=10N Tokque =
$$F \times R$$
= $10 \times \frac{5}{100}$ N-m
= 0.5 N-m .

(b)

Pressure = $\frac{50}{\pi \times (0.05)^2}$ = $\frac{50}{\pi \times 0.05 \times 0.05}$
= $\frac{250 \times 100 \times 100}{\pi \times 100}$

(i) Pressure = $\frac{50}{\pi \times (0.1)^2}$ = $\frac{50 \times 0.00 \times 100}{\pi}$ Pa.

(ii) Pressure = $\frac{50}{\pi \times (0.1)^2}$ = $\frac{240}{\pi \times 100 \times 100}$ = $\frac{2722}{\pi \times 100 \times 100}$ Pa.

(iii) Pressure = $\frac{50}{\pi \times (0.1)^2}$ = $\frac{240}{\pi \times 100 \times 100}$ = $\frac{2722}{\pi \times 100 \times 100}$ Pa.

(iii) Pressure = $\frac{50}{\pi \times (0.15)^2}$ = $\frac{240}{\pi \times 100 \times 100}$ = $\frac{2722}{\pi \times 100 \times 100}$ Pa.

5. Complete C, D,F,G,H,I

C pick the correct one

- 1. c both of these
- 2. c maximum turning effect
- 3. b perpendicular to the surface
- 4. c both of these
- 5. d. Both
- 6. d

D fill in the blanks

- 1. Translational motion
- 2. Force, moment arm
- 3. More
- 4. <u>Distribute</u>, decrease
- 5. Increase
- 6. Atmosphere
- 7. Tangentially

- 8. Perpendicular
- 9. Broader
- 10. Distributed, large

F: Mark the statement as true or false.

- 1. False
- 2. False
- 3. True
- 4. True
- 5. True

G: choose the odd one out giving reason

- 1. Moving car has translatory motion.
- 2. Bicycle pedal doesn't work on the difference in atmospheric pressure.
- 3. Force is a separate physical quantity
- 4. Siphon does not show rotatory movement.

H: Match the following

- 4. Steering wheelforce is applied tangentially
- 5. Siphon inverted U- tube
- 6. Rotatory motion without complete displacement of a body
- 7. Translatory motion- motion along astraight line

8. Torque - turning effect of force.

I : give one word for the following

- 1. Atmospheric pressure
- 2. Torque
- 3. Rotational axis
- 4. Atmosphere
- 5. Translatory motion