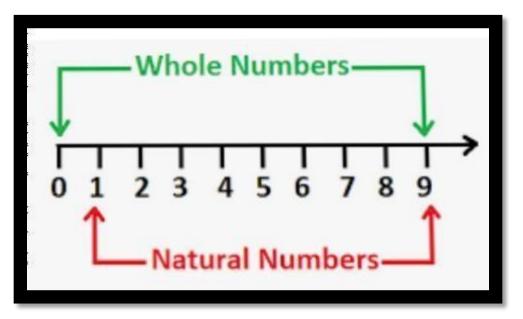
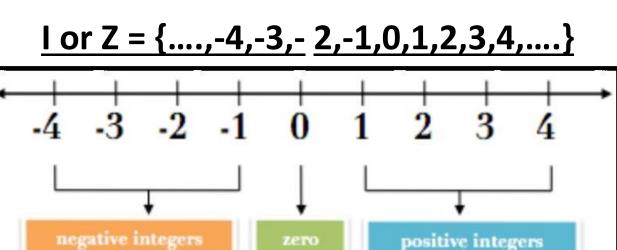
<u>Class : 6</u>

Subject : Mathematics

Topic. : Integers



• The collection of whole numbers and negative numbers are <u>INTEGERS.</u>



- Counting numbers are natural numbers.
- Properties of natural numbers
 - **1. Addition properties**
 - Two natural numbers add up to a natural number ,closure property.
 - A change in the order of addition of two natural numbers does not change the sum, commutative property.
 - A change in the grouping of three natural numbers while adding does not change the sum, associative property.
 - 2. Multiplication property

- two natural numbers when multiplied to give a natural number, closure property.
- exchange in the order of multiplication of two natural numbers does not change the product, commutative property.
- A change in the grouping of three natural numbers, associative property.

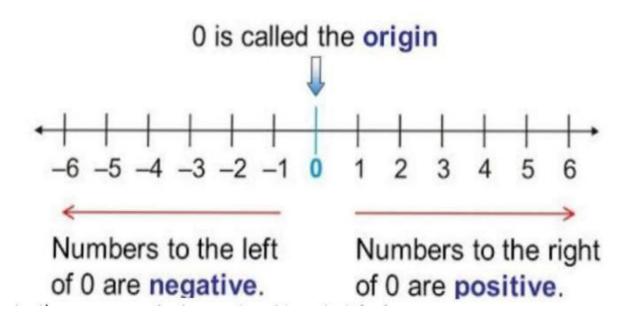
The number zero (0) together with thecounting numbers (1,2,3,4,....)arecalledWHOLE NUMBERS.

- The the closure property of addition.
- <u>The commutative property of</u> <u>addition.</u>
- The associative property of addition.

- <u>The additive property of zero OR</u> <u>additive identity.</u>
- <u>The closure property of</u> <u>multiplication.</u>
- <u>The commutative property of</u> <u>multiplication</u>.
- <u>1 is the multiplicative identity.</u>
- The multiplicative property of zero
- <u>The associative property of</u> <u>multiplication.</u>
- The quotient obtained after dividing a whole number by another whole number is not necessarily a whole number

Integers :- comparison and of integers

If O is the origin or the reference point then



- Zero is less than every positive integer since 0 is to the left of every positive integer
- Zero is greater than every negative integer since 0 is to the right of every negative integer

Example 1

Which is the greater integer between 3 and 7?

7

Explanation:

3 and 7 both are positive integers. 7 is a larger number than 3.

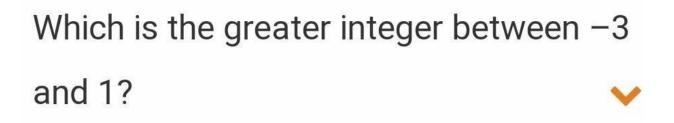
Example 2

Is 5 greater than or less than 6?

🗹 less than

Explanation:

5 and 6 are positive integers. 5 is a smaller number than 6. Therefore, 5 is less than 6. • Every positive integer is greater than every negative integer since every positive integers is to the right of every negative integer



✓ 1

Explanation:

-3 is a negative integer and 1 is a positive integer.

A positive integer is greater than a negative integer.

Therefore, 1 is the greater integer.

• The greater is the number the lesser is its opposite

Is -10 greater than or less than -6?

less than

Explanation:

- -10 and -6 are negative integers.
- 6 is a smaller number than 10.
- -6 is greater than -10.
- Therefore, -10 is less than -6.
- -10 and -6 are negative integers.
- The number closest to zero is the bigger number.
- -6 is closer to zero than -10
- Therefore, -10 is less than -6.

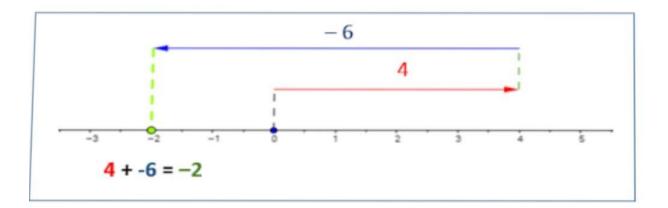
Class 6

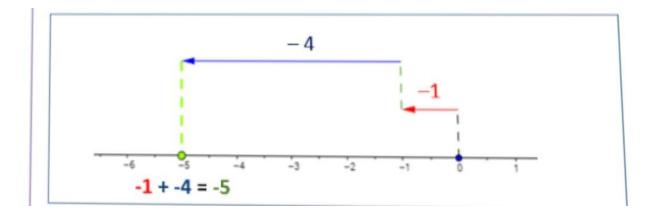
Subject Mathematics

Topic. Integer Addition and Subtraction

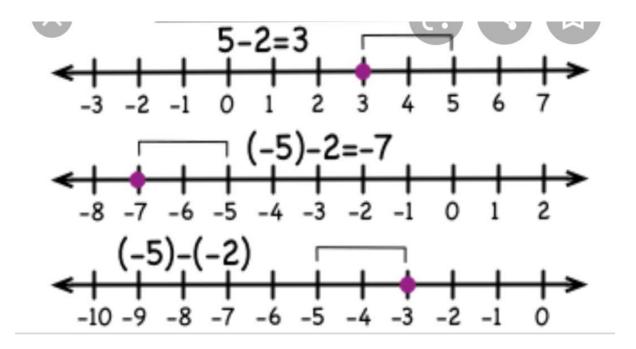
Addition and subtraction of integers

- Adding integers on a number line
- To add the positive integer move to the right on the number line from the first integer.
- To add the negative integer move to the left on the number line from the first integer





- Subtraction of integers on a number line.
- To subtract a positive integer Move to the left on the number line from the first integer.
- To subtract A negative integer move to the right on the number line from the first integer



WORKSHEET

- 1. Write the smallest whole number.
- 2. Write the smallest natural number.
- 3. What is the successor of zero in whole numbers?
- 4. What is the predecessor of 0 in whole numbers?
- 5. Write the successor of 1001
- 6. Write two predecessors of 10000
- Write 3 consecutive even numbers beginning with 34 and find their sum.
- 8. Find the difference between the largest five digit number and the smallest 6 digit number.

9. Write the successor of 9999

- 10. What is the difference between the place values of 5s in 576510.?
- 11. Draw a number line and answer the following
- a) Which number will be reach if we move 5 numbers to the left of 1
- *b) Which number will be reach if we move 6 numbers to the right of -3*
- c)<u>If we are at minus 5 on the number line in</u> which direction should we move to reach one
- *d)* Mark all the integers between the given pairs -4 and 4.

e) Find the sum on number line 137 and - 354.
f) Find the value of. 30 + (-23) + (-63) + 55

