# <u>CLASS : 5</u>

# **SUBJECT : MATHEMATICS**

# **TOPIC : MULTIPLES AND FACTORS**

## **WORKSHEET**

#### SYNOPSIS:

- The product of two or more numbers is the *multiple* of the numbers that are multiplied.
- The numbers that are multiplied are called *factors*.
- Every number is a multiple of 1 and a multiple of itself.
- The multiples of a number are *endless*. A multiple of a number is equal to or greater than the number.
- The multiples of even numbers are always even. The multiples of odd numbers can be either odd or even.
- When number A can be divided by number B exactly, B is said to be the factor of A.
- 1 is a factor of all numbers. It is also the smallest factor of a number.
- Every number has at least two factors, that is, 1 and itself. The number 1 is an exception.
- A number itself is the greatest factor of itself.
- Divisibility rules help you to find if a number is completely divisible by another without actually dividing.
- A number is divisible by 2, if the last digit is *0*, *2*, *4*, *6 or 8*. For example: 12, 10, 256 etc.
- A number is divisible by 5, if the last digit is *0 or 5*. For example: 55, 100 etc.
- A number is divisible by 10, if the last digit is **0**. For example: 200, 1400 etc.
- A number is divisible by 3, *if the sum of the digits is divisible by 3*. For example: 9, 21, 33 etc.
- A number is divisible by 9, *if the sum of the digits is divisible by 9*. For example: 18, 81, 72, 90 etc.
- Numbers with only two factors, that is, 1 and the number itself are called *prime numbers*. For example: 3, 5, 7 etc.
- Numbers with three or more factors are called *composite numbers*. For example: 12, 14, 15 etc.

# **EXAMPLES:**

1. Find the first five multiples of 7.

7 x 1 = 7 7 x 2 = 14 7 x 3 = 21 7 x 4 = 287 x 5 = 35

Ans. The first five multiples of 7 are 7, 14, 21, 28 and 35.

2. Write all the factors of 12.

```
FACTORS OF 12
1 x 12
2 x 6
3 x 4
```

Ans. The factors of 12 are 1, 2, 3, 4, 6 and 12.

3. Find the prime factors of 45 using the prime factorisation method.

$$45 = 3 \times 15 = 3 \times 3 \times 5$$

Ans.  $45 = 3 \times 3 \times 5$ .

#### Students refer to the following videos:

- a) <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=0IZyGB1qQmM&t=209s</u>
- b) <a href="https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=41eVMYPCWTQ">https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=41eVMYPCWTQ</a>
- c) <a href="https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=7n5Qak9hnEU">https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=7n5Qak9hnEU</a>

#### WORKSHEET:

# I. Write the missing factor:

- a)  $\_\_x 8 = 88$ b)  $3x \_\_ = 21$
- c) 11 x = 110
- d) 7 x \_\_\_ = 49

#### **II.** Fill in the blanks :

a)  $3 \ge 12 =$ \_\_\_\_\_ is a multiple of \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_.

b) 7 x 8 = \_\_\_\_\_ is a multiple of \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_.

# **III.** Find the first six multiples of 8.

## IV. Find out whether the following numbers are divisible by 2, 3, 5, 9 or 10.

- a) 66
- b) 1000
- c) 603
- d) 252
- e) 525

# V. Express the following even composite numbers as the sum of two prime numbers.

- a) 12
- b) 36
- c) 28
- d) 10

## VI. Complete the following exercises from the chapter:

- a) Warm up Exercise A on Page No. 41.
- b) Checkpoint (1 to 10) on Page No. 48.

\_\_\_\_\_