<u>CLASS 9</u>

<u>SUBJECT – ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCE</u> <u>CHAPTER – UNDERSTANDING OUR ENVIRONMENT</u>

SYNOPSIS

1.a. Environment means our surrounding – biotic and abiotic component.

- b. Environmental science involves
 - the natural world
 - human beings interaction with environment.
 - how humans affect and change the environment.
- c. Environmental Science is an interdisciplinary subject.
- 2. Major environmental problems are
 - ➤ pollution
 - resource depletion
 - extinction of species
- 3. Global Perspective of environmental problems.

Developed countries are responsible for

- ➢ ozone depletion
- green house effect
- ➤ acid rain

Developing countries are causing environmental degradation due to overpopulation.

Common problem – overconsumption of resources

Both developed and developing countries can make a conscious effect to avert environmental damage by

- using eco friendly technology
- using alternayive source of energy.
- 4. The root of environmental problems
 - ➤ overpopulation

Developing countries put additional strain on the scarce resource.

Developed countries leads to unsustainability of resource.

Overconsumption of resource

- 5.A sustainable World
 - The modern concept has been derived from the 1987 Btutland report , United Nations.
 - Sustainable development meets the need of the present generation , without compromising the ability of the future generation to meet their need.
 - > Dimensions of social sustaimnability by Nobel laureat Amartya Sen
 - Equity
 - Diversity
 - Social coheshion
 - Quality of life
 - Democracy and governance
 - Maturity
 - Characteristics of Sustainable society or community
 - Healthy climate and environment
 - Social wellbeing
 - Economic security
 - Sustainable society is one that has learned to live within the boundaries established by ecological limits.

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