ENGLISH LANGUAGE CLASS VI

TOPIC - NOUNS

SYNOPSIS

- Nouns are names of people, places, animals, things, ideas and feelings.
- There are four kinds of nouns:-
- 1. Proper Nouns These are the names of specific people, places, animals or things. E.g :- Rohit, Kolkata, Willy. Proper Nouns always begin with a capital letter.
- 2. Common nouns These are the names of people, places, animals or things in general. E.g :- girl, man, river.
- 3. Collective Nouns:- These a collection of a group of people, animal or things. E.g :- a bunch of keys, a fleet of ships,,
- 4. Abstract Nouns These nouns denote an idea, quality or a state of being. E.g.- love, bravery, sincerity.
- Some nouns can be counted while others cannot be counted.
- Nouns that cannot be counted are caled uncountable nouns. E.g.:- water, sugar, grass.
- Nouns that can be counted are called countable nouns. E.g :- table, tree, fan.
- A noun that denotes one person or thing is said to be in the singular number. E.g :flower, house, sister.
- A noun is in the plural number if it denotes more than one person or thing. E.g :- flowers, houses, sisters.
- A compound noun is a noun made of two or more words.
- E.g :- bedroom (one word)
 bus stop (two words)
 son-in-law (hyphenated)
- Gender: There are four kinds of gender.
- 1. Masculine gender: A noun which is used for a male person or a male animal. E.g.:-father, manservant.
- 2. Feminine gender: A noun which is used for a female person or a female animal. E.g: mother, maids ervant.
- 3. Neuter gender: Non-living things cannot be distinguished as male or female. E.g: table, water.
- 4. Common gender: Nouns that can be used for both males and females are said to be in the common gender. E.g:- parent, child.

1.	Fill in the blanks with suitable nouns :
a)	You must always speak the
b)	Solomon was famous for his
c)	is my youngest sister.
d)	make their nest in trees.
e)	The is the king of the Jungle.
f)	is a precious metal.
2. Pic	k out the nouns in the following sentences and state whether they are proper,
comm	on,collective or abstract nouns :-
a)	He gave me a bunch of grapes.
b)	Honesty is the best policy.
c)	Greenland is the largest island.
d)	He owns a fleet of cars.
e)	Kolkata is a beautiful city.
	Cleanliness is next to godliness.
3. Do 1	the following exercises in your Grammar with a Smile Book.
a)	Exercise B on page 13.
•	Exercise D on page 16.
•	Exercise H on page 19.
-	Exercise K on page 20.
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