# WELLAND GOULDSMITH SCHOOL

## **CLASS : V ENGLISH LANGUAGE**

# **TOPIC : SUBJECT AND PREDICATE**

### **Recapitulation...**

All sentences are made of two parts – subject and predicate. The subject is who or what the sentence is about. The predicate tells us about the subject.

The placement of subject and predicate in a sentence may vary depending on the kind of sentence .

a. Interrogative sentences – In interrogative sentences, the subject comes after the verb . If the sentence has two verbs, the subject comes between the two verbs .

eg. Where is John? (John is the subject)

eg. Have you seen my pen? ( you is the subject )

b. Imperative sentences - In imperative sentences the subject is implied .

eg. Sit down. The subject (You) is not written but implied.

c. Exclamatory sentences - In exclamatory sentences the subject comes before the verb .

eg. How pretty this dress is ! (this dress is the subject )

d. There/ here is sentences – In sentences that begin with there or here, the subject comes after the verb .

eg. There are many flowers on the ground .(flowers is the subject)

#### Let's evaluate ourselves..

#### All exercises to be done in the exercise book.

#### 1.In the sentences below separate the subject and predicate..

- a. Money is the root of all evil .
- b. The rich must help the poor .

- c. Slow and steady wins the race.
- d. The cackling of geese saved Rome .
- e. A rolling stone gathers no moss .
- f. The boy's face turned pale .
- g. Edison invented the phonograph .
- h. She writes short stories .
- i. The boy shouted at the top of his voice .
- j. My mother stopped me from going out in the dark .

## 2.Fill in the blanks with a suitable subject or predicate.

- a. My friend \_\_\_\_\_\_ .
- b. The early bird \_\_\_\_\_\_ .
- c. \_\_\_\_\_ are delicious.
- d. My school \_\_\_\_\_.
- e. \_\_\_\_\_ ran across the road .
- f. The mango tree \_\_\_\_\_\_.
- g. The lotus \_\_\_\_\_\_ .
- h. \_\_\_\_\_ is sleeping .
- i. \_\_\_\_\_ has black and white stripes .
- j. Jack and Jill \_\_\_\_\_\_ .

#### 3.Also solve Exercise A (page 17) and Exercise B (page 18)