Geography Class 6

Topic - Water bodies (oceans and seas) Answer keys for the worksheet

Q1. Define:

- **a**. A sea is a large body of saltwater.
- b. A large body of water on the earth surface surrounding a large landmass.
- c. The tiniest animals are a form of plankton called zooplankton.

Q2. Fill in the blanks:

- a. phytoplankton
- b. Hydrosphere
- c. Aral sea
- d. Dead sea

Q3. Answer the following questions:

- a. Write any two features for the following:
- **1.Pacific Ocean :** It is the largest ocean, it covers about one third of the area of the earth. It is a deepest ocean the Mariana Trench the deepest ocean change 11200 Deep is located within this ocean.
- **2. Atlantic Ocean :** It is the busiest ocean of the world from the point of view of Commerce and trade

Due to its indented coastline there are many good harbours on the coast of this ocean.

- 3. **Red Sea**: It is a sea water inlet of the Indian Ocean lying between Africa and Asia. It is entirely made of saltwater. No natural river infuse it with fresh water making it one of the most saline body of water in the world.
- 4. **Aral sea**: It is a saltwater lake located in the heart of Central Asia, roughly 200 miles (320 kilometres) east of the Caspian Sea.

A quarter of a century ago, the Aral sea was a big lake.

Q4. Exercise A : Short answer type questions :

- 1Hydrosphere- The part of the earth surface occupied by water bodies is called Hydrosphere.
- 2.phytoplankton- The most numerous Ocean plants are called phytoplankton.
- 3. Two Seas of the Indian Ocean are Red Sea and Arabian Sea.
- 4. The canal that connects The Red Sea to the Mediterranean sea is the Suez canal.

Exercise B:

The world's ocean are important to life on earth. Oceans are a great source of food for people around the world. They also provide minerals, oils and natural gas. Phytoplankton and algae create much of the world's oxygen. Oceans also help to keep the climate stable by storing heat from the Sun. Ocean currents has a direct impact on the climate of a place. Warm currents bring warm weather and rain whereas cold currents tend to cause dry climate.