Welland Gouldsmith School Geography Worksheet Class III

India – The Land Surface

The type of land surface of India differs from place to place. The high mountains in the north are called Himalayas. The large plains in the northern India are called the northern fertile plains. The southern part of India is a plateau. India is the seventh largest country in the world. The plains in India are very fertile because of the many rivers that flow through them. A peninsula is a piece of land surrounded by water on three sides. Most part of the Thar desert lies in the state of Rajasthan. As we know the land surface of India differs from place to place so does the climate of India.

(Work to be done in Geography exercise book)

A)	<u>Fil</u>	l in the missing letters.
	1)	The seventh largest country in the world N A.
	2)	They lie in the south of India. N G I H L S
	3)	One of the important rivers found in the plains. G V R I
	4)	Land surrounded by oceans and seas on three sides E N S A
	5)	A desert is filled with this N
B)	Re	– arrange the letters to get the correct answer.
	1)	A SEEDTR is a hot and dry land
	2)	The BAAARIN ASE lies to the west of India
	3)	An SLIDNA is a piece of land surrounded by water on all sides.
	4)	The VAAALLRI LLHIS lie in central India.
	5)	The southern part of India is a ATLEPUA.
C)	Answer in one word.	
	1)	Name the highest mountain range in India.
	2)	Name one river in India which is rain fed
	3)	In which state is the Thar Desert?
	4)	Name the island located in the Arabian Sea

D) Activity.

• Collect and paste pictures of the following in your exercise book. Mountains, plateaus, island, desert, sea.