

SYNOPSIS**Division**

When a total number of things or objects are distributed into equal groups, we carry out the operation called division. Division is repeated subtraction. The sign of division is \div

For example:

$8 \div 2 = 4$ (8 is the Dividend, 2 is the Divisor and 4 is the Quotient.)

This can also be written as

$$\begin{array}{r} 4 \\ 2 \overline{) 8} \end{array}$$

- Children please do questions 1, 2 and 3 in your Maths Check Exercise Book

1. Write the Dividend, Divisor and Quotient for each of the following

- $4 \div 2 = 2$
- $49 \div 7 = 7$
- $81 \div 9 = 9$
- $64 \div 8 = 8$
- $24 \div 6 = 4$

2. Divide the following

- $46 \div 2 =$
- $90 \div 5 =$
- $80 \div 4 =$
- $27 \div 9 =$
- $12 \div 3 =$

3. Short Division

a)

$$\begin{array}{r} 4 \overline{) 20} \end{array}$$

b)

$$\begin{array}{r} 3 \overline{) 18} \end{array}$$

c)

$$\begin{array}{r} 8 \overline{) 32} \end{array}$$

d)

$$\begin{array}{r} 7 \overline{) 14} \end{array}$$

e)

$$\begin{array}{r} 5 \overline{) 40} \end{array}$$