

Class: 8

Subject – History

Topic – The American Civil War

Answers:

1. Northern States, Southern States
 2. American Anti-Slavery Society
 3. President of Confederate States
 4. Cotton, Sugarcane, Tobacco
 5. Good Speeches, speeches given at Gettysburg
 6. 1852- Novel, Uncle Tom's Cabin written.
1861- American Civil War began
1862- Emancipation Proclamation.
- C. 1**
- North- Industries
South- Agriculture
2. Such changes would affect fertility of the soil.
 3. Protective Tariff.
This would make foreign goods more expensive. This would also increase the demand for locally manufactured goods.
 4. Needed labour to work in the factories.
 5. William Lloyd Garrison founded the American Anti-Slavery Society.
 6. Uncle' Tom Cabin
 7. The eleven Southern States that seceded from the Union.
 8. 1862: Abraham Lincoln.
- E.1 a.** North was industrial base, wanted improvement in transport and communication.
South was against such changes as it would affect soil fertility. The North abolished slavery but continued in the South.
- 1.b.** Crucial role played by Abraham Lincoln guided the Union succeeded in preserving its unity
Issued the Emancipation Proclamation and abolished slavery.
- 2 .a.** In the South Tariff seemed unfair and disturbed the economy of Southern States. Imported wider variety of goods from foreign markets. Taxes were also levied on many Southern goods.
- b.** Slavery continued in the Southern States. Slaves were also used for household work.
They were tortured and badly treated. They were bought and sold; kept in unhygienic condition, poorly fed were not allowed to read and write. They were punished when they tried to read the Bible.
- 1. C.** When the Emancipation Proclamation was issued, it was a great step in abolishing slavery and setting the slaves free. After the war slaves were granted citizenship and voting rights.